

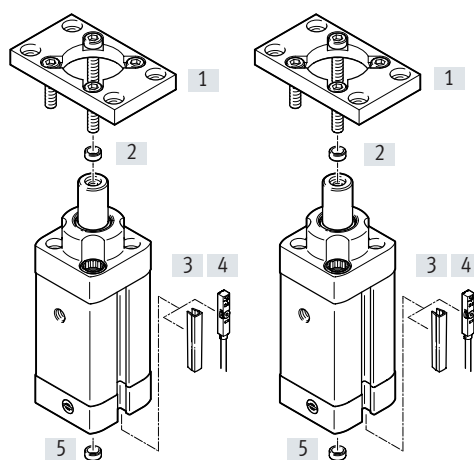
## Type codes and peripherals overview

## Type codes

001	Series
DFSP	Stopper cylinder, single- or double-acting
002	Protection against rotation
	None
Q	With protection against rotation
003	Piston diameter
16	16
20	20
32	32
40	40
50	50
004	Stroke
10	10
15	15
20	20
25	25
30	30
...	10 ... 30

005	Function
	Double-acting with spring
D	Double-acting
P	Single-acting with spring
006	Piston rod design
S	Standard
F	With female thread
R	With roller
007	Cushioning
P	Elastic cushioning rings/plates on both sides
008	Position sensing
A	For proximity sensor

## Peripherals overview



## Accessories

	Description	→ Page/Internet
[1]	Flange mounting DAMF-F7	20
[2]	Centring sleeve ZBH	21
[3]	Slot cover ABP	21
[4]	Proximity switch SME/SMT-8	21
[5]	Centring sleeve ZBH	21


Data sheet

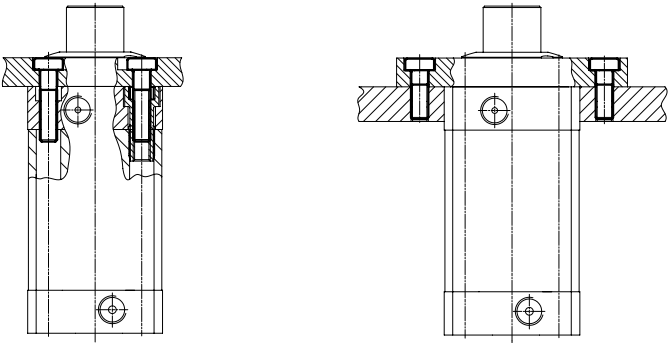
Ø Diameter  
16 ... 50 mm

Stroke length  
5 ... 30 mm



General technical data					
Piston Ø	16	20	32	40	50
Pneumatic connection	M5	M5	G1/8	G1/8	G1/8
Stroke [mm]	5 ... 15	5 ... 20	5 ... 25	5 ... 30	5 ... 30
Max. switching frequency [Hz]	5				
Design	Piston				
	Piston rod				
	Piston rod with roller				
	Profile barrel				
	Non-rotating				
Mode of operation	Double-acting with spring, pulling				
	Double-acting without spring				
	Single-acting, pulling				
Cushioning	Elastic cushioning rings/plates at both ends				
Type of mounting	With through-hole				
	With female thread				
	Via accessories				
Position sensing	Via proximity switch				
Mounting position	Any				

 **Note**  
All technical data refer to the mounting options (→ right). The values may be much lower with the other mounting options.  
Note the minimum screw-in depth → page 12

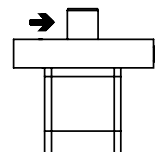


## Data sheet

## Permissible impact force on the advanced piston rod

The impact force refers to the maximum of a force curve plotted against time with unknown details during impact/braking of the moving mass. It acts perpendicular to the direction of motion of the piston rod. Treating the elastic components as linear springs, it is possible to use the permissible impact force to calculate a permissible impact energy for use in selecting the right stopper. Switching of the stopper below this force is not permitted.

Depending on the type of mass to be stopped, it is a good idea to provide an elastic buffer to cushion the impact, reduce the noise and optimise the impact energy.




→ = direction of impact force

Piston ø		16	20	32	40	50
DFSP-...	[N]	880	1370	3270	5540	6280
DFSP-Q-...	[N]	880	1100	3270	5540	6280
DFSP-Q-...-R	[N]	710	840	2670	4500	5000

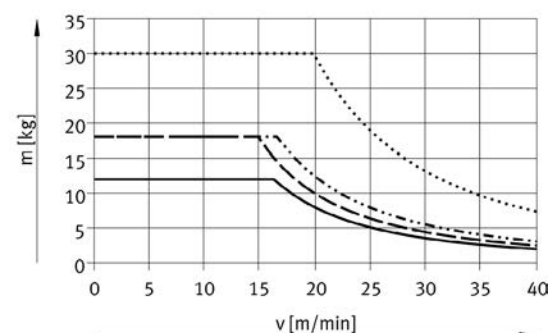
## Permissible load m as a function of conveyor speed v

A prerequisite for the values in the graphs is an elastic buffer on the workpiece carrier with a deformation path of 1 mm.

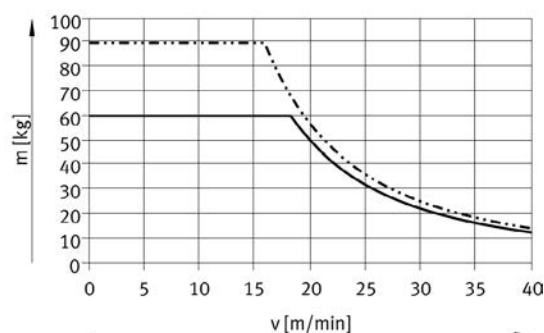
A shorter deformation path reduces the impact force.

 **Note**  
Selection aid → page 22

## DFSP-... / DFSP-Q-... – with trunnion

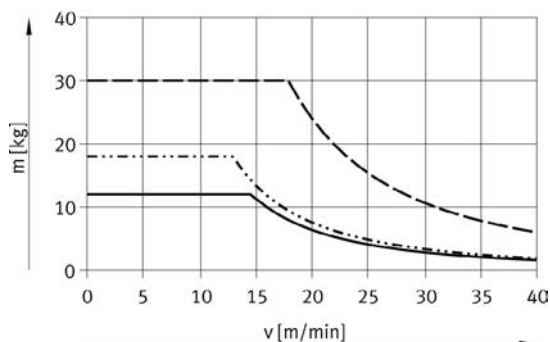


— DFSP-16/DFSP-Q-16  
- - - DFSP-20  
- - - DFSP-Q-20  
- - - DFSP-32/DFSP-Q-32

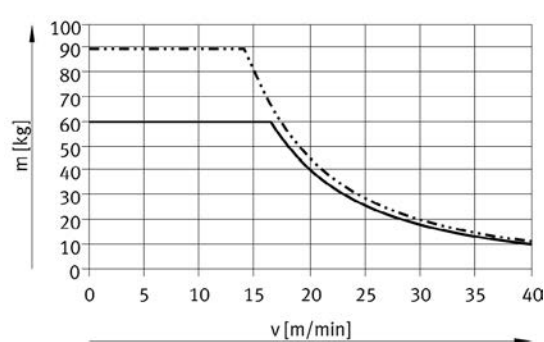


— DFSP-40/DFSP-Q-40  
- - - DFSP-50/DFSP-Q-50

## DFSP-Q-...-R – with roller



— DFSP-Q-16-R  
- - - DFSP-Q-20-R  
- - - DFSP-Q-32-R



— DFSP-Q-40-R  
- - - DFSP-Q-50-R