



Installation Guidelines

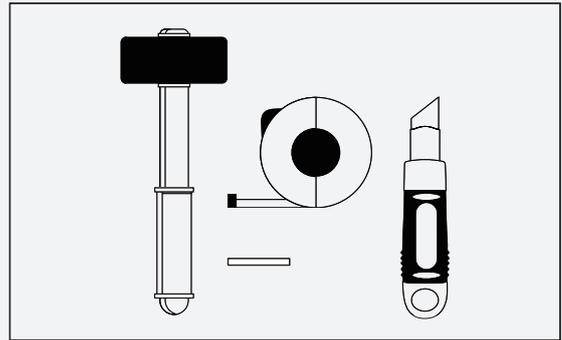
Solid Fatigue-Step

Tools & Materials

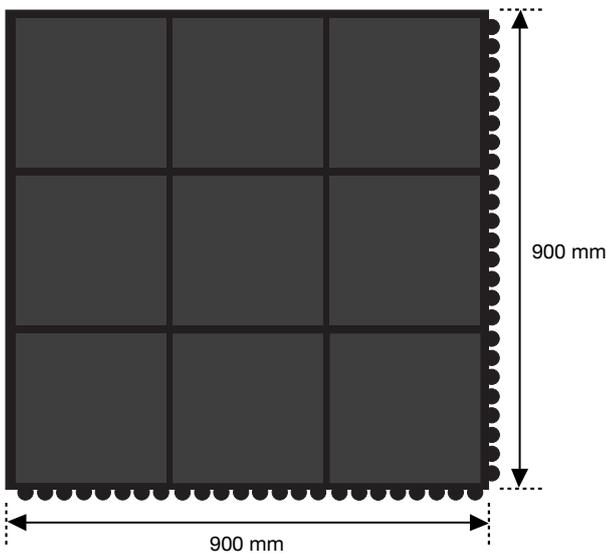
- Dead Blow Hammer
- Chalk
- Cutting Board
- Tape Measure
- Safety Utility Knife

Materials

- Solid Fatigue-Step Tiles
- Solid Fatigue-Step Female Edging
- Solid Fatigue-Step Male Edging



Solid Fatigue-Step Tile



Every tile can be cut along the dividing (300mm) lines and still link to another tile or edge.

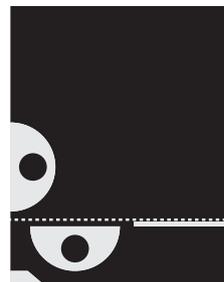
Female Edge



Male Edge



Edging comes in both Male and Female versions. Both versions have an attached corner piece that can be trimmed to allow for continuous edging.



Underside of Edging

Please note that when cutting the corners off the edges, you will need to cut along the top edge of the groove, shown on the left diagram (white dotted line).

← Groove

Preparation

Solid Fatigue-Step Tiles can be laid on damaged or cracked subfloor surfaces. For best results it is advised to install on a level and clean floor. Simply follow these simple steps to achieve a durable, clean and adaptable flooring finish in your chosen area:



Clean

Sweep the existing floor to ensure that the surface is clean and free of dust and dirt.



Temperature

We advise that Solid Fatigue-Step Tiles are laid in areas that have an ambient temperature between 16°C-24°C (**Let the tiles acclimatise for at least 24-48 hours before laying**).



Surface check

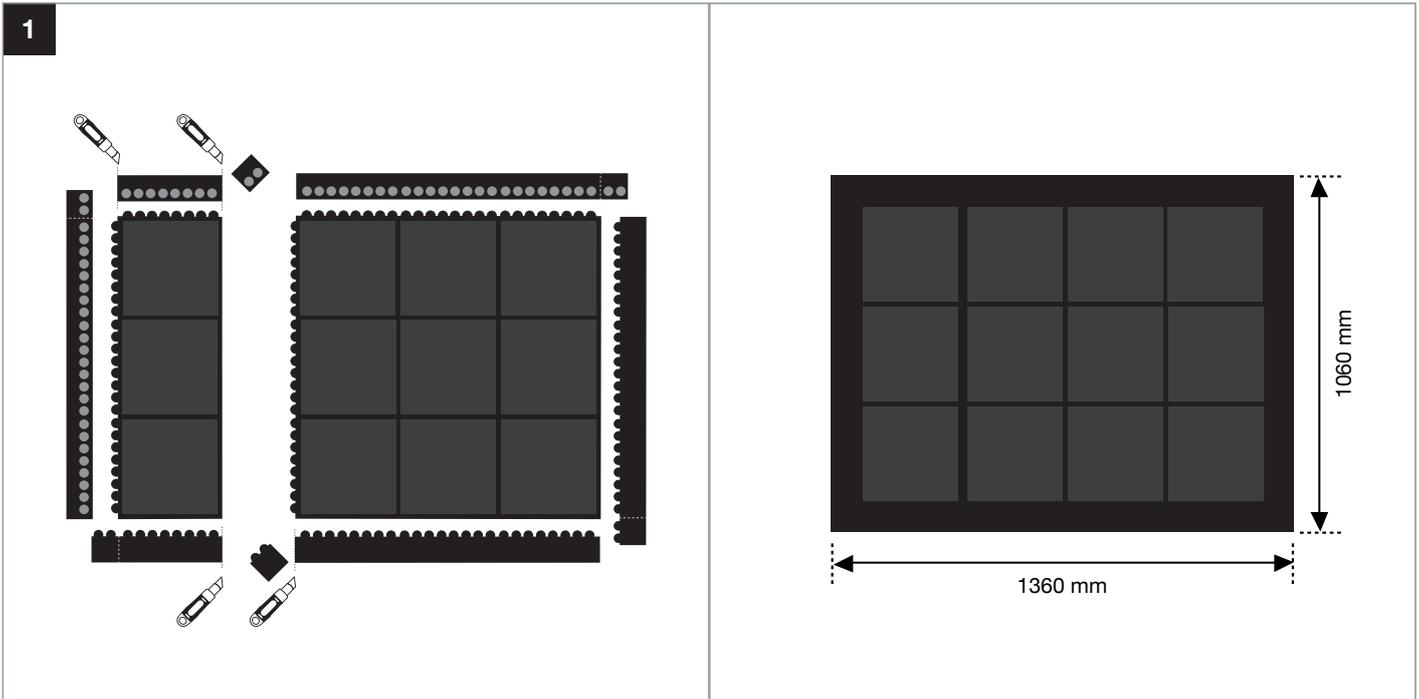
We recommend using a self-leveling repair compound in areas where there's variations in subfloor surface. If not addressed, floor tiles may 'dislocate' at the connection interlocks (The smoother the subfloor is the more even and resilient your Solid Fatigue-Step Tile floor will be).



Humidity

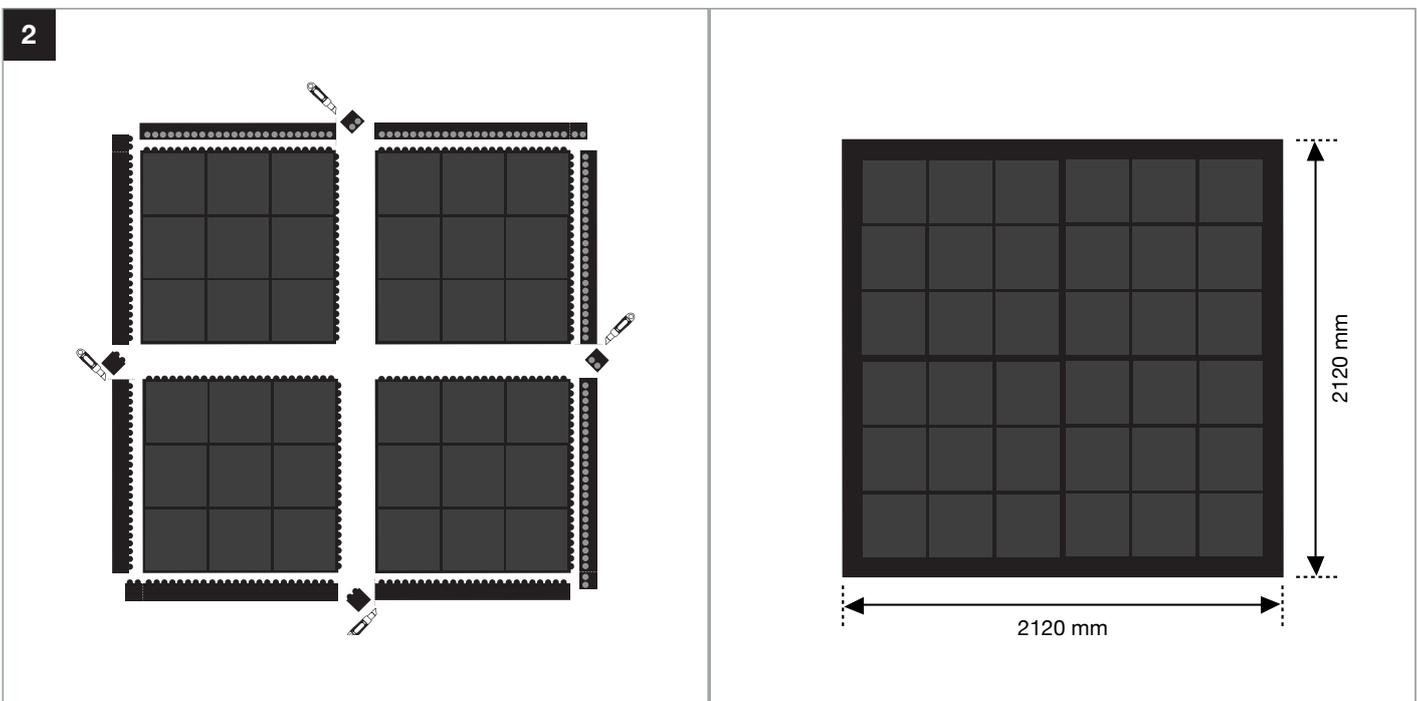
Relative humidity in the room should not be more than 60% (ideal 30% to 60%).

Configuration Examples



Example 1

- 2 x Solid Fatigue-Step Tiles (1 x Cut)
- 3 x Female Edge (2 x Cuts)
- 3 x Male Edge (2 x Cuts)



Example 2

- 4 x Solid Fatigue-Step Tiles
- 4 x Female Edge (2 x Cuts)
- 4 x Male Edge (2 x Cuts)

